Sameer Kumar Session 2 : 11 Oct, 3.15p – 5.30p session

IR 4.0 in Manufacturing

- What is the ultimate goal of technology?
- In the context of the manufacturing sector, the term "industry 4.0" denotes an <u>advanced</u> <u>degree of development</u> in the management of the <u>complete value chain</u>.
- 'internet of things', the 'internet of everything' or the 'industrial internet'.
- -> steam power -> electricity-> IT/Electronics-> cyber-physical.
- Question: revolution or evolution?
- Cyber-physical production systems (CPPSs) connect IT with mechanical and electronic components, which then communicate across a network.



Α



Interlinking of real (physical) and virtual (cyber) world will lead to so called cyber-physical systems that determine Industry 4.0 solutions

Schematic interlinking of physical and virtual world - Examples

Physical world

- > Robotics
- > Automation equipment
- > Traditional machinery
- > Traditional & semiconductor based sensors
- > Traditional machinery
- > RFID
- > Automation equipment
- > Camera & imaging systems
- > Visual sensors
- > Traditional sensors

Cyber world

- > Advanced algorithms
- > Machine learning
- > High-performance hardware
- > Advanced data analytics
- > Database mgmt. systems
- > Cloud computing
- > Embedded systems
- Real-time image processing (e.g. OCR)
- > Data storage hardware
- > Real-time image processing
- > Advanced data analytics
- > Advanced algorithms

Industry 4.0 solutions









Characteristics/Goals

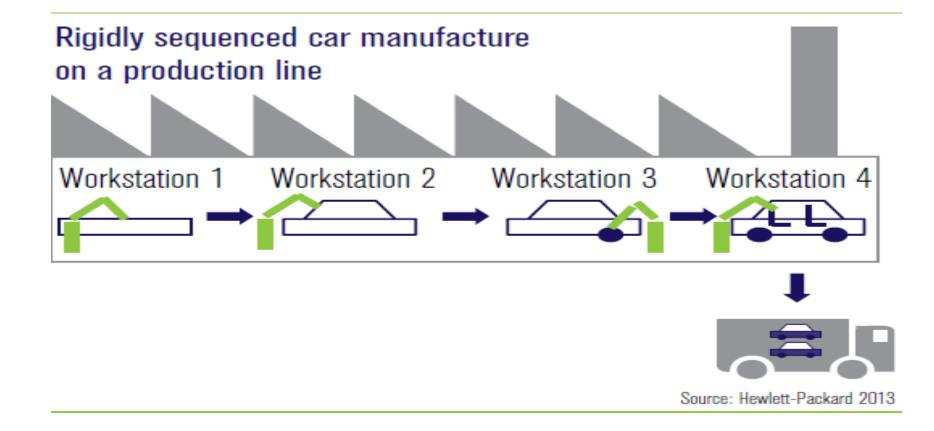
- Connectivity as the key factor is linking both worlds in each solution
- > Enable
 - Individualized or mass customized products
 - Highly flexible production
 - Integration of customers and value adding partner into value creation
 - Coupling of production and highvalue services
 - Cost and efficiency benefits and quality improvements

Cyber-physical production systems (CPPSs)

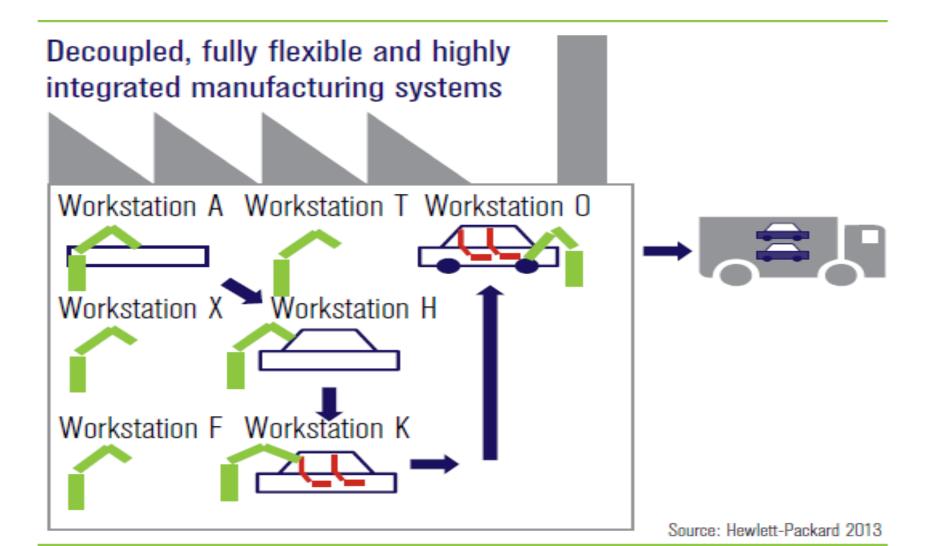


- In addition to connecting machines, CPPSs connect the entire value chain and all stages of a product's life cycle to one another via a smart network of machines, properties, ICT systems, smart products, and persons.
- Enables <u>Vertical</u> (customer-specific and individualized and responds rapidly to demand, stock levels and other faults) and <u>Horizontal</u> integration (from inbound logistics through warehousing, production, marketing and sales to outbound logistics and downstream services) – deloitte,2022
- Mass customization: Companies can now profitably cater to niche markets by tailoring production to meet the needs of <u>specific</u> <u>customers</u> thanks to intelligent, interconnected systems.
- "solving industry challenges to better serve human needs "

Today's Factory



Tomorrow's Factory



Paper Presenters

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- Speaker 1: Kiranjeet Kaur, K.S. Hemant K. and Rasiah, R. Title: Ecosystem for Promoting IR 4.0 Technologies in Textiles and Clothing Manufacturing
- Speaker 2: Shankaran, N. and Yip, T.M Title: Did Digitalization Help Manufacturers Cope with COVID19 Pandemic?
- Speaker 3: Abdul Latif and Saliza, S. Title: Government Initiatives to Promote Adoption of IR4.0 technologies in Manufacturing